

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended) A method of generating pressure pulses through a pressure pulse transmitting body (9) that is displaceable arranged in a chamber (2), by which the flow of a pressure fluid into and out of said chamber (2) is electromechanically controlled for the purpose of accomplishing pressure changes for the displacement of the pressure pulse transmitting body (9), by a pressure pulse generator that comprises:

- said chamber (2), divided into a first and a second parts ~~part~~ (3, 4),
- at least one operable valve body (12) for opening/interrupting a communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber,
- a first conduit (7) that leads between a high pressure source (5) and the first part (3) of the chamber (2),
- a second conduit (8) that leads between a low pressure source (6) and the second part (4) of the chamber (2),

- said pressure pulse transmitting body (9) being displaceably arranged in the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and being in contact, on one hand, with the pressure fluid in the chamber (2), and, on the other hand, with [[the]] an environment and being spring loaded in a direction towards the chamber (2),

- means for opening/interrupting the communication between the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the high pressure source (5), and

- means for opening/interrupting the communication between the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and the low pressure source (6), **characterized in that**

- the communication between the high pressure source (5) and the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the communication between the low pressure source (6) and the second part (4) of the chamber (2) are kept interrupted while the communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber (2) is opened and a displacement of the pressure pulse transmitting body (9) out of the chamber (2) is accomplished,

- and the communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber (2) is kept open for a re-establishment of a high pressure in the first part (3) of the chamber (2) while the pressure pulse transmitting body (9), by the spring load, is displaced back towards a

retracted start position while the communication between the high pressure source (5) and the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the communication between the low pressure source (6) and the second part (3) of the chamber (2) are kept interrupted.

2. (currently amended) A method according to claim 1, **characterized in that**, when said pressure pulse transmitting body (9) is on its way back to or is back in a maximally retracted start position, the communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber (2) is interrupted, and the communication between the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the high pressure source (5) is opened for a total re-establishment of the pressure in the first part (3) of the chamber (2).

3. (currently amended) A method according to claim 1, **characterized in that** the communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber (2) is interrupted, and the communication between the high pressure source (5) and the first part (3) and the communication between the low pressure source (6) and the second part (4) are kept interrupted when said pressure pulse transmitting body (9) has reached a maximally projected position.

4. (currently amended) A method according to claim 1, **characterized in that** the communication between the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and the low pressure source (6) is opened while said pressure pulse transmitting body (9) is displaced into the chamber (2) and while the communication between the first part (3) and the second part (4) of the chamber (2) is interrupted or is kept interrupted.

5. (currently amended) A method according to claim 4, **characterized in that** the communication between the low pressure source (6) and the second part (4) of the chamber (2) is kept opened during a final stage of the returning movement of the pressure pulse transmitting body (9) into the chamber (2), in order to permit the pressure pulse transmitting body (9) to return to a maximally retracted start position.

6. (currently amended) A method according to claim 1, **characterized in that** the opening/interrupting of the communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber (2) is performed electromechanically by means of the operable valve body (12), wherein the operable valve body (12) is a solenoid-activated valve body.

7. (currently amended) A method according to claim 1, **characterized in that** the opening/interrupting of the

communication between the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the high pressure source (5) is performed electromechanically by means of the operable valve body (12), wherein the operable valve body (12) is a solenoid-activated valve body.

8. (currently amended) A method according to claim 1, **characterized in that** the opening/interrupting of the communication between the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and the low pressure source is performed electromechanically by means of the operable valve body (12), wherein the operable valve body (12) is a solenoid-activated valve body (12).

9. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1, **characterized in that** the pressure pulse transmitting body (9) forms or is connected to a spring loaded inlet or outlet valve (10) of a combustion engine, and that the height of lift of the valve (10) is controlled by a control of the pressure that is provided in the first part (3) of the chamber (2) through the high pressure source (5).

10. (currently amended) A method according to claim 3, **characterized in that** the time period during which the spring loaded inlet or outlet valve (10) is kept in an open position is controlled by a control of the time during which the communication between the first and second part (3, 4) of the

chamber (2) is kept interrupted when said pressure pulse transmitting body (9) is in its maximally projected position.

11. (currently amended) A pressure pulse generator, comprising:

- a pressure pulse transmitting body (9),
- a chamber (2), divided into a first and a second part (3, 4),
 - a first conduit (7) that leads between a high pressure source (5) and the first part (3) of the chamber (2),
 - a second conduit (8) that leads between a low pressure source (6) and the second part (4) of the chamber (2),
 - said pressure pulse transmitting body (9) being displaceably arranged in the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and being in contact with, on one hand, a pressure fluid in the chamber (2), and, on the other hand, with [[the]] an environment and being spring loaded in a direction towards the chamber (2),
 - **characterized in that** it comprises
 - means (26, 27, 12, 13) for opening/interrupting the communication between the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the high pressure source

(5), and means (26, 27, 12, 15) for opening/interrupting the communication between the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and the low pressure source (6), and

- an operable valve body (12) for opening/interrupting the communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber (2).

12. (original) A pressure pulse generator according to claim 11, **characterized in that** the operable valve body (12) is a solenoid-activated valve body.

13. (currently amended) A pressure pulse generator according to claim 11, **characterized in that** the means (26, 27, 12, 13) for opening/interrupting the communication between the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the high pressure source (5) comprises the operable valve body (12), wherein the operable valve body (12) is a solenoid-activated valve body (12).

14. (currently amended) A pressure pulse generator according to claim 11, **characterized in that** the means (26, 27, 12, 15) for opening/interrupting the communication between the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and the low pressure source (6) comprises the operable valve body (12), wherein the operable valve body (12) is a solenoid-activated valve body (12).

15. (previously presented) A pressure pulse generator according to claim 11, **characterized in that** the valve body (12), that is used for opening/interrupting the communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber (2) also forms a valve body of the means for opening/interrupting the communication between the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the high pressure source (5).

16. (previously presented) a pressure pulse generator according to claim 11, **characterized in that** the valve body (12) that is used for opening/interrupting the communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber (2) also forms a valve body of the means (26, 27, 12, 15) for opening/interrupting the communication between the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and the low pressure source (6).

17. (currently amended) A pressure pulse generator according to claim 11, **characterized in that** the means (26, 27, 12, 13) for opening/interrupting the communication between the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the high pressure source (5) comprise a portion with a reduced circumference or an opening in the pressure pulse transmitting body (9), said portion being positioned in order to permit a communication when said pressure pulse transmitting body (9) is adjacent to or in a start position in which it is maximally retracted into the chamber (2).

18. (currently amended) A pressure pulse generator according to claim 11, **characterized in that** the means (26, 27, 12, 15) for opening/interrupting the communication between the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and the low pressure source (6) comprise a portion that has a reduced circumference or an opening in the pressure pulse transmitting body (9), said portion being positioned for the purpose of opening for a communication when said pressure pulse transmitting body (9) is closed to or in a start position in which it is maximally retracted into the chamber (2).

19. (currently amended) A pressure pulse generator according to claim 11, **characterized in that** the first part (3) of the chamber (2) has a volume that is adapted such that the high pressure fluid that is gathered therein is to act as a pressure fluid spring, the triggering of which results in a displacement of the pressure pulse transmitting body (9) from a maximally retracted position to a projected position against the spring load that acts on said pressure pulse transmitting body (9) in an opposite direction.

20. (previously presented) A pressure pulse generator according to claim 11, **characterized in that** it comprises a control unit with a computer program for controlling the means

for opening/interrupting the communication between the first and second parts (3, 4) of the chamber (2) and between the first part (3) of the chamber (2) and the high pressure source (5) and between the second part (4) of the chamber (2) and the low pressure source (6), based upon an information of the position of a piston that operates in the combustion chamber of a piston engine.

21. (previously presented) A piston engine with a valve for an introduction or discharge of air or an air/fuel mixture to a combustion chamber, **characterized in that** it comprises a pressure pulse generator according to claim 11 for operating said valve.

22. (previously presented) A piston engine with a valve for the variation of the cylinder volume of a combustion chamber in a combustion engine, said piston being arranged displaceably back and forth in a cylinder that is connected with the combustion chamber, **characterized in that** it comprises a pressure pulse generator according to claim 11 for operating said piston.